

CLAIM AMENDMENTS

Please amend claims 1-20 and enter new claims 21-33 as shown below. Please note that the original claim 1 has been replaced by the new claim 21.

1 1. (Canceled)

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2 2. (Currently amended) A system as in claim 21, in which the ~~resource request~~
3 ~~means~~ memory reservation software module is a driver installed within each respective
4 guest OS.

1 3. (Currently amended) A system as in claim 2, in which there is a plurality of
2 ~~guest systems~~ virtual computers operatively connected to the host system, further
3 comprising:

4 a resource scheduler in the host system for allocating the ~~system resource~~
5 hardware memory among the ~~guest systems~~ virtual computers;

6 for each ~~guest system~~ virtual computer, a communications ~~means~~ module for
7 communicating a respective ~~resource-memory~~ quantity request to each driver;

8 each driver, upon sensing the respective ~~resource-memory~~ quantity request,
9 being provided for causing reserving, via the corresponding guest OS to reserve, an
10 amount of the ~~system resource~~ guest physical memory corresponding to the ~~resource~~
11 memory quantity request.

1 4. (Currently amended) A system as in claim 3, in which:

2 each guest OS includes computer-executable, ~~resource-memory~~ reservation
3 ~~means~~ code for reserving specified amounts of the ~~system resource~~ guest physical
4 memory;

5 the driver is operatively connected to the ~~resource-memory~~ reservation ~~means~~
6 code for communicating the ~~resource-memory~~ quantity request to the ~~resource-memory~~
7 reservation ~~means~~ code; and

8 the ~~resource-memory~~ reservation ~~means~~ code of each guest OS is native to the
9 guest OS, all communication between the resource scheduler and the ~~guest systems~~
10 virtual computers taking place via the respective drivers, the resource scheduler thereby
11 remaining transparent to the ~~guest systems~~ virtual computers.

A2 5. (canceled)

1 6. (Currently amended) A system as in claim ~~5~~ 4, ~~further including, for each in~~
2 which each virtual computer includes a virtual machine, and a virtual machine monitor
3 forming an interface between the resource scheduler and each respective virtual
4 machine.

1 7. (Currently amended) A system as in claim 4 in which:
2 ~~the system resource is system machine memory;~~
3 ~~the guest OS allocates and deallocates~~ changes the amount of the guest
4 physical memory allocated to applications and drivers loaded within and connected to
5 the guest OS, ~~physical memory being a portion of the system machine memory that~~
6 ~~may be reserved by any guest system;~~
7 upon an increase in the ~~resource-memory~~ quantity request issued by the
8 resource scheduler for a specified one of the drivers, the corresponding specified guest
9 OS reserves for the specified driver a corresponding quantity of guest physical memory,
10 the driver thereby making the ~~system machine hardware~~ memory corresponding to the
11 reserved guest physical memory available for allocation by the host OS to other guest
12 ~~systems~~ virtual computers; and

13 upon a decrease in the ~~resource-memory~~ quantity request issued by the resource
14 scheduler for the specified one of the drivers, the corresponding specified guest OS
15 ~~deallocates-releases any prior reservation of~~ a corresponding quantity of guest physical
16 memory, thereby reserving-making the ~~system machine hardware~~ memory
17 corresponding to the ~~deallocated-released~~ guest physical memory available for use
18 ~~solely by the specified guest system~~ virtual computer.

A2 1 8. (Currently amended) A system as in claim ~~[[4]]~~ 21, in which the ~~resource~~
2 ~~requesting means~~ memory reservation software module is further provided for adapting
3 a rate at which it reserves the ~~system resource~~ guest physical memory via the guest OS
4 to be no greater than a current maximum reservation change rate of the guest OS.

1 9. (Currently amended) A system as in claim 21, in which the ~~resource request~~
2 ~~means~~ memory reservation software module is a user-level application loaded in the
3 ~~guest system~~ virtual and running on the guest OS.

10. (Canceled)

11. (Canceled)

1 12. (Currently amended) A computer system comprising:
2 a host system, which includes a host operating system (OS) and ~~at least one a~~
3 hardware memory forming a system resource; and
4 a plurality of ~~guest systems~~ virtual computers operatively connected to the host
5 system, each of which includes at least one virtual processor, guest physical memory,
6 and a guest OS operable to address the guest physical memory in a guest physical
7 address space;
8 a resource scheduler in the host system for allocating the system resource
9 among the ~~guest systems~~ virtual computers;
10 ~~for each guest system, a communications means for communicating a respective~~
11 ~~resource quantity request to each driver~~;
12 each guest OS being provided with ~~resource request means~~ a memory
13 reservation software module for ~~reserving the system resource~~ receiving a memory
14 quantity request from the host system and for changing the allocation of the guest
15 physical memory from within the respective guest OS, thereby ~~making the resource~~
16 changing the amount of the hardware memory available to for arbitrary use by the host
17 system;

18 in which:

19 the ~~resource request~~ memory reservation means software module is a driver

A2 20 installed within each respective guest OS;

21 each driver, upon sensing the respective ~~resource~~ memory quantity request,
22 reserves, via the corresponding guest OS, an amount of the ~~system resource~~ guest
23 physical memory corresponding to the ~~resource~~ memory quantity request;

24 ~~each guest OS includes resource reservation means for reserving specified~~
25 ~~amounts of the system resource;~~

26 the driver is operatively connected to the resource scheduler ~~reservation means~~
27 for communicating the ~~resource~~ memory quantity request to the ~~resource reservation~~
28 ~~means~~ scheduler;

29 the ~~resource reservation means~~ memory reservation software module of each
30 guest OS is native to the guest OS, all communication between the resource scheduler
31 and the ~~guest systems~~ virtual computers taking place via the respective drivers, the
32 resource scheduler thereby remaining transparent to the ~~guest systems~~ virtual
33 computers;

34 ~~the system resource is system machine memory;~~

35 the guest OS ~~allocates and deallocates~~ changes the amount of guest physical
36 memory allocated to applications and drivers loaded within and connected to the guest
37 OS, ~~physical memory being a portion of the system machine memory that may be~~
38 ~~reserved by any guest system;~~

39 upon an increase in the resource quantity request issued by the resource
40 scheduler for a specified one of the drivers, the corresponding specified guest OS
41 reserves for the specified driver a corresponding quantity of the guest physical memory,
42 the driver thereby making the ~~system machine~~ hardware memory corresponding to the
43 reserved guest physical memory available for allocation by the host OS to other guest
44 systems virtual computers; and

45 upon a decrease in the ~~resource~~ memory quantity request issued by the resource
46 scheduler for the specified one of the drivers, the corresponding specified guest OS
47 ~~deallocates~~ releases any prior reservation of a corresponding quantity of guest physical

48 memory, thereby ~~reserving~~making the ~~system machine~~ hardware memory
49 corresponding to the ~~deallocated~~released guest physical memory available for use
A2 50 ~~solely~~ by the specified ~~guest system~~ virtual computer.

1 13. (Currently amended) In a computer system that comprises a host system,
2 which includes:

3 a host operating system (OS),

4 a hardware memory at least one system resource that is included within the host
5 ~~system~~; and

6 at least one virtual computer guest system, which includes a virtual processor,
7 quest physical memory, and a guest OS operable to address and allocate the virtual
8 quest physical memory in a virtual-guest physical address space, the virtual computer
9 being a guest OS and is operatively connected as a guest system running on to the
10 host system,

11 a method comprising the step of ~~reserving the system~~changing the allocation of
12 the guest physical memory resource from within the guest OS in response to a memory
13 quantity request issued by the host system, thereby ~~making the resource~~changing the
14 amount of the hardware memory available for arbitrary use by to the host system.

1 14. (Currently amended) A method as in claim 13, further including the
2 following steps:

A2 3 communicating ~~a resource~~ the memory quantity request from a resource
4 scheduler in the host system to a driver located within the guest OS; and
5 reserving, via the corresponding guest OS, an amount of the ~~system~~
6 ~~resource~~ request physical memory corresponding to the ~~resource~~ memory quantity
7 request.

1 15. (Currently amended) A method as in claim 14, in which the step of
2 reserving the amount of ~~he~~ the guest physical memory ~~system~~ is performed using a
3 resource reservation mechanism that is native to the guest OS, all communication
4 between the resource scheduler and the ~~guest systems~~ virtual computer taking place
5 via the respective drivers, the resource scheduler thereby remaining transparent to the
6 ~~guest systems~~ virtual computer.

1 16. (Currently amended) A method as in claim 15, further comprising the
2 following steps:
3 implementing ~~the guest systems~~ each virtual computer as a virtual machines and
4 a respective virtual machine monitor; and
5 providing communication between each virtual machine and the host system via
6 a the respective virtual machine monitor.

1 17. (Currently amended) A method as in claim 16, ~~in which the system~~
2 ~~resource is system machine memory~~, further including the following steps:
3 allocating and deallocating guest physical memory from within the guest OS to
4 applications and drivers loaded within and connected to the guest OS, ~~physical memory~~
5 ~~being a portion of the system machine memory that may be reserved by any guest~~
6 ~~system~~;
7 upon an increase in the ~~resource~~ memory quantity request issued by the
8 resource scheduler for a specified one of the drivers, reserving ~~for the specified driver~~,
9 via the corresponding specified guest OS, a corresponding quantity of the guest

A2 10 physical memory, ~~the driver thereby making the system machine~~ the hardware memory
11 corresponding to the reserved guest physical memory thereby becoming available for
12 allocation by the host OS to other ~~guest systems~~ virtual computers or to the host OS
13 itself; and

14 upon a decrease in the ~~resource~~ memory quantity request for the specified one
15 of the drivers, ~~deallocating~~ releasing any prior reservation of a corresponding quantity of
16 the guest physical memory, thereby ~~reserving the system machine~~ making the hardware
17 memory corresponding to the ~~deallocated~~ released guest physical memory available for
18 use ~~solely~~ by the specified ~~guest system~~ virtual computer.

18. (Canceled)

19. (Canceled)

1 20. (Currently amended) A method as in claim 17, further including the step of
2 adapting a rate at which the ~~system resource~~ guest physical memory is reserved via the
3 guest OS to be no greater than a current maximum reservation change rate of the guest
4 OS.

A3 1 21. (New) A computer system comprising:
2 a host system, which includes a host operating system (OS) and a hardware
3 memory that is addressable in a hardware memory address space;
4 at least one virtual computer, each of which includes at least one virtual
5 processor, guest physical memory, and a guest OS operable to address, allocate and
6 deallocate the guest physical memory in a guest physical address space, and is
7 operatively connected to the host system;
8 a memory reservation software module located within the virtual computer for
9 receiving a memory quantity request from the host system and for changing the
10 allocation of the guest physical memory from within the respective guest OS according to
11 the memory quantity request, thereby changing the amount of the hardware memory
12 available for arbitrary use by the host system.

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1 22. (New) A computer system comprising:
2 a host system, which includes a host operating system (OS);
3 a plurality of cooperating hardware processors that are included in the host
4 system and that are collocated in a single hardware platform;
5 at least one guest system that is operatively connected to the host system;
6 each guest system being provided with a processor reservation software module
7 comprising computer-executable code for receiving from the host system a respective
8 processor quantity request, which indicates a number of the plurality of processors to be
9 reserved by each guest system, and for indicating to the guest system a change in the
10 number of processors reserved for use by the respective guest system, thereby making
11 the reserved processors available for arbitrary use by the host system.

1 23. (New) A system as in claim 22, in which each guest system is a virtual
2 computer, each of which includes at least one virtual processor, guest physical memory,
3 and a guest OS.

1 24. (New) A system as in claim 23, in which the processor reservation software
2 module is a driver installed within each respective guest OS.

1 25. (New) A system as in claim 23, further comprising:
2 a resource scheduler in the host system for allocating the hardware processors
3 among the virtual computers; and
4 for each virtual computer, a communications module for communicating the
5 respective processor quantity request to each driver.

1 26. (New) A system as in claim 25, in which:
2 the processor reservation software module of each guest OS is native to the
3 guest OS, all communication between the resource scheduler and the virtual computers
4 taking place via the respective drivers, the resource scheduler thereby remaining
5 transparent to the virtual computers.

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A2 1 27. (New) A computer system comprising:
2 a host system, which includes at least one hardware processor, a host operating
3 system (OS) and hardware memory that is addressable in a hardware memory address
4 space; and
5 a plurality of virtual computers, each of which comprises a body of computer-
6 executable code stored in the hardware memory and includes at least one virtual
7 processor, guest physical memory, and a guest OS operable to change allocation of the
8 guest physical memory in a guest physical address space, and is operatively connected
9 to the host system;
10 a memory reservation software module located within the virtual computer for
11 receiving a memory quantity request from the host system and for changing the
12 allocation of the guest physical memory from within the respective guest OS according to
13 the memory quantity request, thereby changing the amount of the hardware memory
14 available for arbitrary use by the host system;
15 the guest physical address spaces of all the virtual computers being mapped as
16 portions of the hardware memory address space;
17 the virtual computers all being executable on the same hardware processor(s),
18 which are collocated in a single hardware platform.

1 28. (New) A system as in claim 27, in which the memory reservation software
2 module is a driver installed within each respective guest OS.

1 29. (New) A system as in claim 27, further comprising:
2 a resource scheduler in the host system for allocating the hardware memory
3 among the virtual computers;
4 for each virtual computer, a communications module for communicating a
5 respective memory quantity request to each driver,
6 each driver being provided, upon sensing the respective memory quantity, for
7 causing the corresponding guest OS to reserve an amount of the guest physical
8 memory corresponding to the memory quantity request.

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1 30. (New) A computer system comprising:

2 a host system, which includes at least one hardware processor, a host operating
3 system (OS) and hardware memory that is addressable in a hardware memory address
4 space; and

5 a plurality of guest systems, each of which comprises a body of computer-
6 executable code that is stored in the hardware memory and that addresses a guest
7 memory in a guest address space, and is operatively connected to the host system;

8 a memory reservation software module located within each guest system for
9 receiving a memory quantity request from the host system and for changing the
10 allocation of the guest memory from within the respective guest system according to the
11 memory quantity request, thereby changing the amount of the hardware memory
12 available for arbitrary use by the host system;

13 in which:

14 the guest address spaces of all the guest systems are mapped as portions of the
15 hardware memory space;

16 the guest systems are all executable on the same hardware processor(s), which
17 are collocated in a single hardware platform.

1 31. (New) A system as in claim 30, in which the memory reservation software
2 module is a driver installed within each respective guest system.

1 32. (New) A system as in claim 30, in which the memory reservation software
2 module is a user-level application loaded in the guest system.

33. (New) A system as in claim 30, further comprising:

1 a resource scheduler in the host system for allocating the hardware memory

A2 2 among the guest systems;

3 for each guest system, a communications module for communicating a

4 respective memory quantity request to each memory reservation software module, each

5 memory reservation software module being provided, upon sensing the respective

6 memory quantity, for causing the corresponding guest system to reserve an amount of

7 the guest memory corresponding to the memory quantity request.
